



STEM degrees are no longer the final step in an education, but are often the basis for a more focused avenue of learning, practice, and discovery. Obtaining skills can be done in various paths that do not happen at the same time and place. The ultimate goal is to graduate with real-life experiences that provoke creative thinking with actual tools and with real people. Since every student has the world of information in their pocket, STEM learning is shifting away from lecture-based instruction to provide a foundation for a life-time of learning.

When passionate minds from many backgrounds come together, they bring unique insights and expertise that can lead to breakthroughs and paradigm shifts. What follows are SLAM's design ideas for STEM institutions that are influencing multi-model teaching, learning, collaboration and innovation.

EXIT STAGE LEFT

LIGHT THE FUSE

STEM FROM THE GARDEN

GETTING REAL

THE INNOVATION PLAYGROUND

EDUCATIONAL RENDEZVOUS

HEREN SELL



Traditionally scientists, often seen as impractical dreamers, made discoveries and engineers used those discoveries to inform inventions to solve actual problems. This traditional distinction between scientists and engineers, along with the linear connection between discovery and application, are fading away. Enabled and emboldened by today's technological advancements, transdisciplinary teams, often including members outside of the STEM disciplines, are accelerating the pace of innovation in science and industry. With demonstrated impact on learning outcomes and research productivity, creating environments that promote transdisciplinary collaboration and innovation is a driving force behind the modern academic building.

A distinctive feature of the future classroom could be the latest generation of visual technology providing images of unprecedented clarity and resolution for students enveloped in a 360-degree visual experience. The visualization/simulation/collaboration theater provides a cutting-edge approach to bringing data to multi-disciplinary teams ranging from visualizing objects from the galaxy to a DNA strand or math concepts.

Many ideas grow better when transplanted into another mind than the one where they sprang up.

— Oliver Wendell Holmes

RUTGERS UNIVERSITY | RICHARD WEEKS HALL OF ENGINEERING



UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE STRONG HALL SCIENCE LABORATORY | VISUALIZATION LAB



SACRED HEART UNIVERSITY
AUGMENTED REALITY / VIRTUAL REALITY CLASSROOM CORRIDOR



UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI | ALUMNI ENGINEERING LEARNING CENTER

As students acquire more content online outside the classroom, passive lecture-style learning has given way to active learning pedagogies. Today's classroom offers seating in collaborative groups, where an instructor can be center stage or move throughout the room to groups at individual tables. Each table also supports its own intimate experience: low walls or tiered floors might separate groups while dedicated writing surfaces and embedded technology become the focal point. Although functioning independently, all tables contribute to the "buzz" of the space. This room works for multiple small groups or as a single team-based learning (TBL) studio where groups engage each other in peer-to-peer learning.

GEORGIA SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES BUILDING

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTHVEN MUSEUMS BUILDING

## THE INNOVATION PLAYGROUND

The innovation "playground" is a place to think, feel, and learn in different ways. More than a maker space, the playground is a teaching space where STEM learners discover how to use principles of "design thinking" to create new ideas, inventions, concepts, and designs. Stackable blocks can form the walls of a private learning space that can easily be disassembled to make way for brainstorming and think-tank discussions. Writable surfaces on wheels and mobile units where students store their projects can be assembled to create a gallery for poster and crit sessions. The informal environment, with cement floor, exposed ceilings, and moveable walls, can host formal classes as well as give students the unstructured time to tinker, explore, invent, and learn from failures. In some cases, high bay project spaces on grade with access to outdoor work areas support super-sized projects and imaginations. High-powered computer docking stations with specialized software, teleconferencing, and 3-D printers all enhance active learning and provide the perfect tools for creators and disruptors with new ideas awaiting realworld application.

I'll play it first and tell you what it is later.

Miles Davis

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY | MIT INSTITUTE FOR DATA, SYSTEMS AND SOCIETY





OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY SYSTEMS RESEARCH AND ACADEMIC BUILDING

## LIGHT THE FUSE

Fluid connections between STEM disciplines encourage students to connect with each other and increase the chance for faculty/student interactions inside and outside of the classroom. Hybrid labs fuse the lecture and lab environment taking team-based active learning curriculums to the next level. The openplan lab promotes multi-team research. Fixed casework, fume hoods, sinks, and utilities around the perimeter leave the center of the room, equipped with overhead power and moveable furniture, easy to reconfigure to meet specific needs. Adjoining support spaces provide access to shared lab equipment and materials. With the open-plan, natural daylight can fill the labs creating humanistic environments that encourage chance meetings and provide an attractive place for people to learn and discover.

learning contagious, to have one idea

— Marva Collins

IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY | ADVANCED TEACHING AND RESEARCH BUILDING





## EDUCATIONAL RENDEZVOUS

Learning doesn't only happen in the classroom. In the most successful STEM facilities, students rendezvous to study and socialize throughout the building, throughout the day. Relationship building is one of the greatest benefits of the university experience. These personal interactions are what set the physical campus environment apart from online degree programs. Building a strong learning community requires the opportunity of diverse spaces outside of classrooms for students to study independently, work in teams, or even grab a coffee. The goal is to create learning landscapes where touchdown, study, project and café spaces provide places for students to linger beyond class time. Places where STEM students can build the social relationships that are proven predictors of academic success in challenging STEM programs.







EMORY UNIVERSITY | R. RANDALL ROLLINS BUILDING - SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH























www.**slamcoll**.com

